

Assessment Title				Covid-19	Covid-19 Exposure – Reducing the Risks in Schools from May 2022								Generic Spe		cific	
Scope of Assessment				To ensure	ensure a safe and supportive environment for learning and teaching										ER /05/22- 7	
										_	_			N° Affected	va	arious
Persons: Emp	oloye	e Service U	lser C	ontr	actor Visitor Yo	oung	Person Public	Free	quency: Monthly We	ekly D	Daily Hourly Occa	siona	ally			
RISK COL	OUR	CODE/ SCOR	RE		LOW RISK	\checkmark		MEDI	UM RISK		HIGH RISK			VERY HIGH	I RISK	
Aide Memoir	√-	present and con	nsidered,	Х со	nsidered not to be pres	sent	Machinery	x	Slip / Trip / Fall	x Traffic / Driving		~	Dangerous Substa		nces	x
Hygiene	~	Workplace		~	Handling / Lifting	x	Environment	~	Access Equipment	x	Electricity	x Moving		<i>r</i> ing / Falling ects		x
Temperature	~	Fire / Explos	sion	x	Pressure System	x	Weather	x	DSE / Ergonomics	x	Violence	x	Tools / Work Equipment			x
Work at Height	х	Noise / Vibra	ation	х	Other (s) (note)	~	Note: Infectious	disease								
Hazard/ Concorns				Risk Rating	Control Measures					Ri	Residual Furthe Risk Action Rating Require		on			
1. Exposure to Covid-19 infection as a result of direct or close contact with others				ith	Physical distancing between adults, and between adults and children and young people, whilst no longer mandatory is good practice and should remain in place where practicable.											
				High	Children, young people, and staff should follow the wider societal guidance on physical distancing in schools or on dedicated school transport. As is the case in wider society it will remain important to be cautious and exercise personal responsibility. It is recognised that where possible, it is safer to keep a distance from other people with 1m distancing being accepted as reasonable and proportionate.					ے لد						
Additional Local Concerns To be completed by assessor																

2. Exposure to Covid-19 infection as a result of poor Personal Protective Equipment. (PPE)	12 High	 Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Face coverings can be worn by anyone wishing to do so in any part of the school. The use of face coverings by all staff and young people in secondary schools, and by all staff in primary schools, in indoor communal areas (staff bases) and when moving around the school building is still expected, but not mandatory: - Pupils do not require to wear face coverings in classrooms or exam settings, but may choose to do so, if they feel this is appropriate. Careful attention should be given to the requirements of individuals with additional support needs when implementing this measure. Where there is a need to work in proximity with adults and children and young people the safety measures to protect adults and children and young people alike should be followed. Staff should wear a face covering or PPE where a risk assessment has deemed it appropriate and regularly wash their hands before and after contact. Guidance on supporting children and young people with additional support needs is published by the Scottish Government and continues to apply. https://www.gov.scot/publications/coronavirus-covid-19-supporting-children-and-young-people-with-complex-additional-support-needs/ All establishments should stay prepared to strengthen the use of face coverings should Education Resources and local public health teams advise. 	4 Low	
Additional Local Concerns To be completed by assessor				

3. Exposure to Covid-19 infection as a result of poor personal hygiene	12 High	 Personal hygiene Washing hands thoroughly, at the right time, using appropriate facilities and products helps to prevent the spread of COVID-19. Schools should continue to support staff and children and young people to follow advice on good hand hygiene, Ensure staff, pupils and visitors are aware of the importance of frequent and thorough/ handing washing/sanitising. All visitors will, however, be expected to comply with the school's routine measures and arrangements for managing and minimising risk. 	4 Low	
Additional Local Concerns To be completed by assessor				
4. Exposure to Covid-19 infection as a result of poor environmental hygiene	12 High	 Ensure Facilities staff regularly surface clean in schools. Ensure regular surface clean on school transport. Effective respiratory and cough hygiene also helps to minimise the risk of the transmission of COVID-19. 	4 Low	
Additional Local Concerns To be completed by assessor				
5. Increased risk of exposure to Covid- 19 infection as a result of poor ventilation	12 High	There should be a continued strong focus on good ventilation. In addition, further local CO^2 monitoring will take place in line with Scottish Government requirements to support the goal of all school (and early years) buildings, including learning and teaching spaces, being assessed on an ongoing basis for ventilation issues with a view to remedial action being taken where required.		
		Seek to increase ventilation levels by actively opening windows and doors where practical and safe to do so. (Heating systems have been increased in both temperature and length of running time to assist with maintaining room temperatures).		
		• Arriving in your classroom, external doors can be opened as required (will also reduce contact with door handles). Ensure no obstructions by opening blinds/curtains and removing any items blocking vents.		

	 When pupils arrive open windows to their fullest as allowed by the restrictor. Top windows should be open where possible. Should pupil occupancy levels exceed 25 in the secondary sector then windows should be opened to the maximum available, subject to any restrictors, for as long as possible. If the room is cold and feels well ventilated some windows can be closed. However, those windows which have the least impact, relative to causing draughts, should remain open to at least the minimum amount. At lunchtime, breaks and in between classes windows should be opened fully for 5-10 mins. Lower temperatures and likely windy conditions in the winter months will increase the natural ventilation through openings. This means that partially opening windows and doors can still provide adequate ventilation at the same time as maintaining room temperatures. Consider flexibility in permissible clothing while indoors and the benefits of re-designing seating plans to reflect individual pupil or staff temperature preferences. At the end of the day, remember to close all windows for security reasons. Internal fire doors should not be held open unless they have a hold open and self-closing mechanism which responds to a fire alarm activation. Not all classrooms have operational opening windows and the flow of air in mechanical systems are designed to take account of normal occupancy capacities and have been set to run longer, however as with other classrooms consider leaving doors open to further enhance air flow. Any specific issues should be reported in the normal way to allow a member of the technical team to carry out an assessment of any action required. 	
Additional Local Concerns To be completed by assessor		

6. Self-Isolate and Vaccination		There is no longer the requirement for any staff member, child or young person to undertake a Covid test if feeling unwell.		
- No Requirement to Test Stay at Home Guidance		This guidance also applies to ELC settings There is no longer a requirement to self-isolate for a prescribed period of time. Instead, the 'Stay at Home' guidance is as follows:		
	12 High	 and young people with mild symptoms such as a runny nose, sore throat, or slight cough, who are otherwise well, can continue to attend their education setting. Children and young people who are unwell and have a high temperature should stay at home and avoid contact with other people, where they can. They can go back to school, college or childcare, and resume normal activities when they no longer have a high temperature, and they are well enough to attend. Adults who have symptoms of COVID-19 and who have a fever or are too unwell to carry out normal activities will be asked to 'stay at home' whilst they are unwell or have a fever. They will no longer be advised to take a PCR/ LFT test 	4 Low	
- Vaccination		high temperature or do not feel well enough to go to work or carry out normal activities. The vaccination programme is seen as critical component in the response COVID-19. The COVID vaccination programme continues across Lanarkshire: -		
		The promotion of the uptake of the vaccination amongst 12–15-year- old and 5-12-year-old as a preventative measure is to be supported whilst respecting that this will be a personal decision by the young person and their families.		
		Taking up all vaccinations offered remains the most important thing offered remains the most important thing everyone can do to protect against severe illness from the virus.		
		Review regularly all ongoing public health advice and be prepared to amend mitigations and practice accordingly.		

Additional Local Concerns To be completed by assessor				
7. Increased risk of exposure to Covid- 19 infection risks through practical activities	12 High	 Review existing risk assessments and safe systems of work for practical subject areas taking account of the controls above and Education Scotland National Improvement Hub – Practical Activities Guidance. 	Л	
Additional Local Concerns To be completed by assessor				
8. Additional Risk Areas	12 High	 Children and young people with additional support needs. Every child and young person will have different levels of required support. Risk assessments play a key part in considering the individual needs of a child or young person. Risk assessments, which may be integrated into a Child's Plan, should already exist for children and young people with complex additional support needs. These risk assessments should be reviewed and updated as appropriate, reflecting current circumstances. https://www.gov.scot/publications/coronavirus-covid-19-supporting- children-and-young-people-with-complex-additional-support-needs/ Ensure that staff are fully aware of the wellbeing supports available to them including those via South Lanarkshire Council's Employee Assistance Scheme. 	4 Low	
Additional Local Concerns To be completed by assessor				

Supplementary recording sheet used? Yes No Number of sheets used: _____

Note on Manager Actions:

Heads and Managers should use this assessment to cover general and local matters specific to their establishment. This local information can be added above to create an overall action plan to help ensure everyone understands what is required of them and how they can best protect themselves and others.

You should review this document in partnership with staff and their representatives, adapt as necessary for your establishment, sign off and share with all persons involved. It is good practice to review these arrangements on an ongoing and regular basis with your team.

 Specific Additional Guidance/Notes: Ed Res Covid_19 Pupils Returning Safe System of Wo 	Risk Matrix. Use the matrix below to give a general evaluation of risk, based on the <u>most likely</u> outcome.							
 Current public health approach on clinical vulnerabilitie Government direction and guidance on required 	Almost Certain (90% - 100%) 5			15	20	25		
www.gov.scot/coronavirus-covid-19/			Likely, only to be expected (65 - 88%)	4	8	12	16	20
Further Actions/Recommendations Time	escales	Responsible Person	Probable, not surprising (40 - 64%)	3	6	9	12	15
			Unlikely (10 - 39%)	2	4	6	8	10
			Rare (0 - 9%)	1	2	3	4	5 **
			Tikeliyood Minor Minor Minor		Minor (Lacerations/sprain strains, mild health effects)	Moderate (Minor bone break, temporary minor illness/eye injury)	Major (break of major bone, loss of digit, minor illness, electric shock loss of limb/eye serious	Catastrophic (Fatality)
Standard Actions Provision of Information, Instruction and Training				isignif cratch.	Minor erations, ns, mild effects)	Mode or bon porar	Major (break of major loss of digit, n illness, electric oss of limb/eye	atastr (Fata
Passing on the details to others within SLC, partners or contractors			Consequence	r Q	(Lac strai	(Min terr illne	(breal loss illnes loss of	U
Preparation of Safety System of Work			Consequence					
Commissioning other 1) specialist risk			Laur Madium		Llink		Vandlieb	
specialist risk 2) assessments 3)		Low Medium High Very High ** If a fatality is being considered as the principal potential outcome, discussion should take place with the H&S team						
Risk Assessor(s): Paula Ross Reviewer: Pauline Doyle	Manager Name: Paula Ross Date: 14.6.22				: 14.6.22			
	Establishment: Bothwell Primary School							
Signature(s): Pauline Doyle Date: 27.6.2022			Signed: Paula Ross					